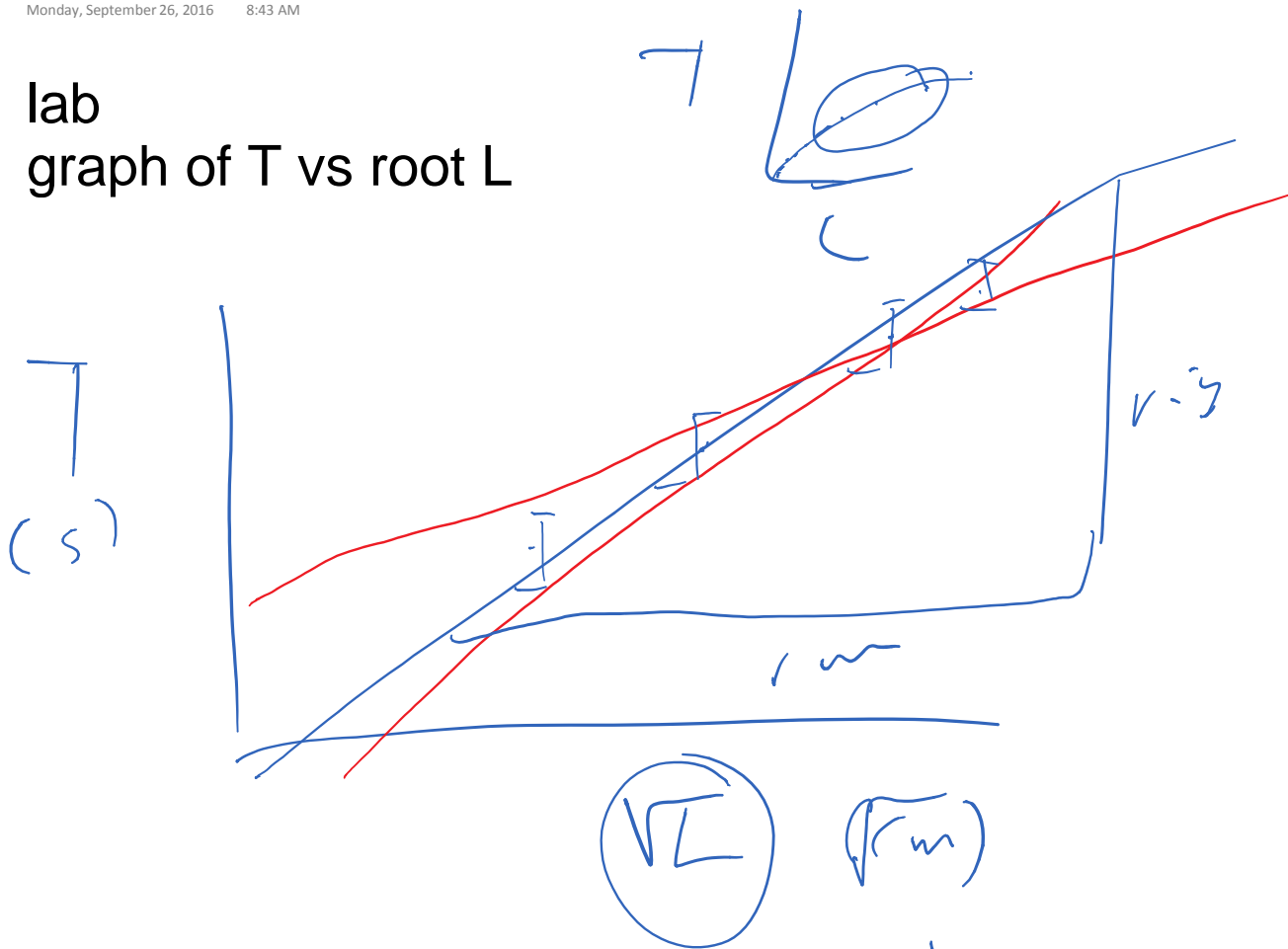


lab graph of T vs root L



Don't say "prove",
say "supports"

$$\text{theoretical slope} = 2.0 \frac{s}{\sqrt{m}}$$

$$2.0 \frac{s}{\sqrt{m}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{m}}{\sqrt{100 \text{ cm}}} \right)$$

$$0.20 \text{ s}$$

$$T = \left(\frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{g}} \right) \sqrt{L}$$

\sqrt{L}

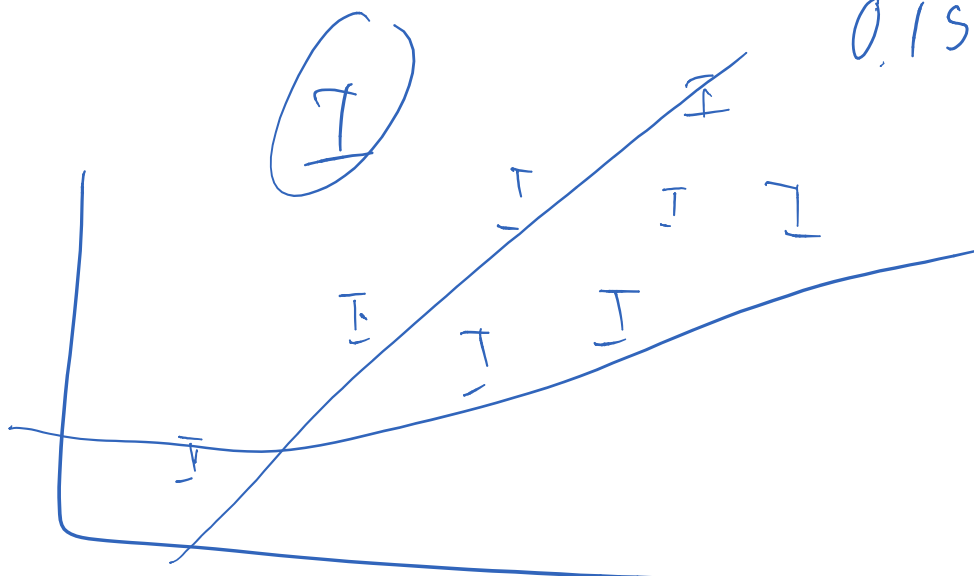
$$\rightarrow \frac{2(3.14159)}{\sqrt{9.81 \text{ m/s}^2}}$$

$$= 2.0 \text{ s} / \sqrt{m}$$

$$T = \left(\text{slope} \pm \frac{\text{max} - \text{min}}{2} \right) \sqrt{L} + \text{yint} \pm \text{y}$$

$$T = \text{cm} \left(1.1 \text{ s} / \sqrt{m} \right) \pm 0.2 \text{ s} / \sqrt{m} \sqrt{L} +$$

$0.1 \text{ s} \pm 0.1 \text{ s}$



$$0.9 \frac{s}{\sqrt{m}}$$

off theoretical
value

much bigger than
uncertainty
 $\pm 0.1 \frac{s}{\sqrt{m}}$

Title

Name First + last
Block

Purpose

Hypothesis

Part 1 + Part 2

Procedure + materials

Observations - uncertainties + units
everything

Analysis graph T vs \sqrt{L}
 T vs ?

calculations - slope

- uncertainty

equation \rightarrow - deviation from
theory

$\uparrow \frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{g}}$
 Conclusion - data supports? hyp.
 Sources of uncertainty - quantify - estimate
 - compare
 - evidence

hand in the lab next class

Kinematics

description of motion

position, x - where you are relative to a reference point, with direction. vector

distance, d or l , amount of space between two points. scalar - no direction

displacement - book d , IB uses s , the change in position, $s = x_f - x_i$

f is final, i is initial

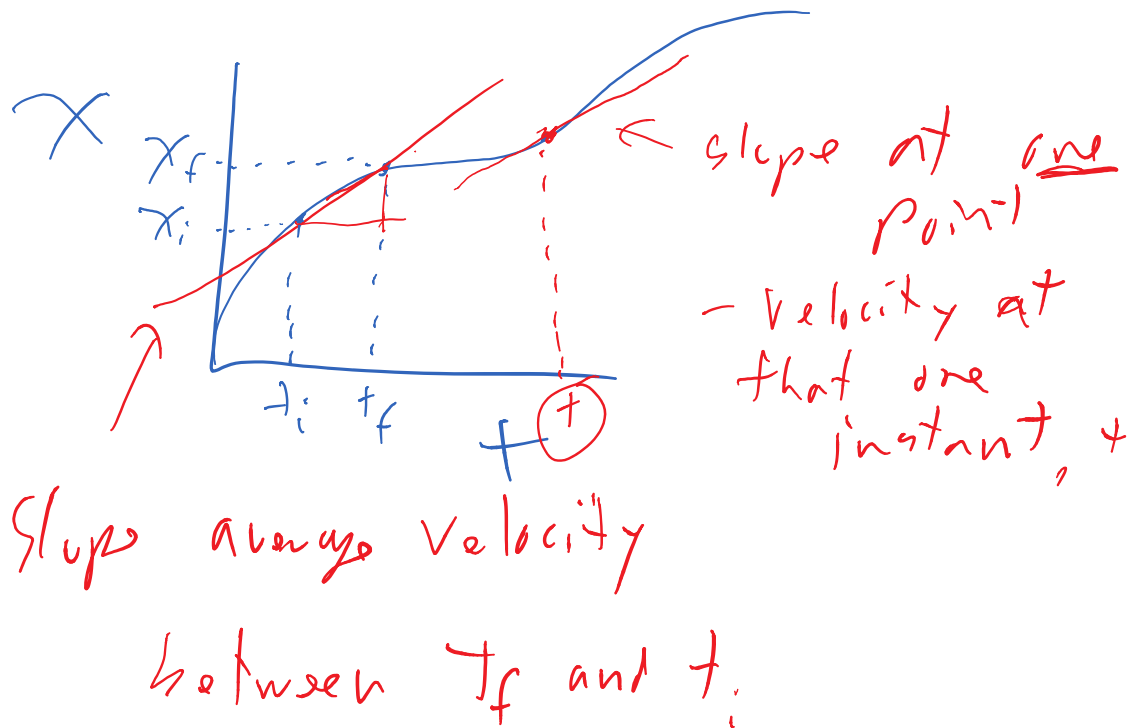
velocity, v is the instantaneous velocity, the velocity at a particular instant.

velocity is the rate of change in position.

$v = \Delta x / \Delta t$ as the change approaches zero, the v approaches the instantaneous velocity.

the average velocity,

$v_{avg} = \text{total displacement} / \text{total time}$



eg. Amy runs 400.0 m in 1 minute and 10s on the track 100.0m South of the school.

determine:

- distance travelled running 400m
- displacement running 0m
- average velocity while running 0m/s
- average speed while running $400/70 = 5.7143 = 5.7 \text{ m/s}$ IB ms^{-1}
- instantaneous velocity while running away from the school assuming constant speed, 5.7 m/s South
- final position 100 m South of the school

Assignments:

lab report

Hecht p50, q13, 17, 24, 27 - instantaneous

speed at 2.0s and at 8.0 s as well as the average speed between 2 and 8s. q 31

